

Bus address (DIP A) in binary format



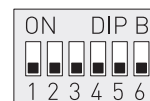
DIP switch [A] for setting the bus address:

Bus address (binary coded, value selectable from 1 to 247)							
DIP 1	DIP 2	DIP 3	DIP 4	DIP 5	DIP 6	DIP 7	DIP 8
128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

Example shows
 $128 + 64 + 1 = 193$
as Modbus address.

DIP switch

1	00000000	51	00000000	101	00000000	151	00000000	201	00000000
2	00000000	52	00000000	102	00000000	152	00000000	202	00000000
3	00000000	53	00000000	103	00000000	153	00000000	203	00000000
4	00000000	54	00000000	104	00000000	154	00000000	204	00000000
5	00000000	55	00000000	105	00000000	155	00000000	205	00000000
6	00000000	56	00000000	106	00000000	156	00000000	206	00000000
7	00000000	57	00000000	107	00000000	157	00000000	207	00000000
8	00000000	58	00000000	108	00000000	158	00000000	208	00000000
9	00000000	59	00000000	109	00000000	159	00000000	209	00000000
10	00000000	60	00000000	110	00000000	160	00000000	210	00000000
11	00000000	61	00000000	111	00000000	161	00000000	211	00000000
12	00000000	62	00000000	112	00000000	162	00000000	212	00000000
13	00000000	63	00000000	113	00000000	163	00000000	213	00000000
14	00000000	64	00000000	114	00000000	164	00000000	214	00000000
15	00000000	65	00000000	115	00000000	165	00000000	215	00000000
16	00000000	66	00000000	116	00000000	166	00000000	216	00000000
17	00000000	67	00000000	117	00000000	167	00000000	217	00000000
18	00000000	68	00000000	118	00000000	168	00000000	218	00000000
19	00000000	69	00000000	119	00000000	169	00000000	219	00000000
20	00000000	70	00000000	120	00000000	170	00000000	220	00000000
21	00000000	71	00000000	121	00000000	171	00000000	221	00000000
22	00000000	72	00000000	122	00000000	172	00000000	222	00000000
23	00000000	73	00000000	123	00000000	173	00000000	223	00000000
24	00000000	74	00000000	124	00000000	174	00000000	224	00000000
25	00000000	75	00000000	125	00000000	175	00000000	225	00000000
26	00000000	76	00000000	126	00000000	176	00000000	226	00000000
27	00000000	77	00000000	127	00000000	177	00000000	227	00000000
28	00000000	78	00000000	128	00000000	178	00000000	228	00000000
29	00000000	79	00000000	129	00000000	179	00000000	229	00000000
30	00000000	80	00000000	130	00000000	180	00000000	230	00000000
31	00000000	81	00000000	131	00000000	181	00000000	231	00000000
32	00000000	82	00000000	132	00000000	182	00000000	232	00000000
33	00000000	83	00000000	133	00000000	183	00000000	233	00000000
34	00000000	84	00000000	134	00000000	184	00000000	234	00000000
35	00000000	85	00000000	135	00000000	185	00000000	235	00000000
36	00000000	86	00000000	136	00000000	186	00000000	236	00000000
37	00000000	87	00000000	137	00000000	187	00000000	237	00000000
38	00000000	88	00000000	138	00000000	188	00000000	238	00000000
39	00000000	89	00000000	139	00000000	189	00000000	239	00000000
40	00000000	90	00000000	140	00000000	190	00000000	240	00000000
41	00000000	91	00000000	141	00000000	191	00000000	241	00000000
42	00000000	92	00000000	142	00000000	192	00000000	242	00000000
43	00000000	93	00000000	143	00000000	193	00000000	243	00000000
44	00000000	94	00000000	144	00000000	194	00000000	244	00000000
45	00000000	95	00000000	145	00000000	195	00000000	245	00000000
46	00000000	96	00000000	146	00000000	196	00000000	246	00000000
47	00000000	97	00000000	147	00000000	197	00000000	247	00000000
48	00000000	98	00000000	148	00000000	198	00000000		
49	00000000	99	00000000	149	00000000	199	00000000		
50	00000000	100	00000000	150	00000000	200	00000000		



DIP switch [B] for setting bus parameters:

Baud rate (selectable)	DIP 1	DIP 2	Parity (selectable)	DIP 3	Parity check (on/off)	DIP 4	8N1 mode (on/off)	DIP 5	Bus termination (on/off)	DIP 6
9600 baud	ON	OFF	EVEN (numbered)	ON	Active (1 stop bit)	ON	Active	ON	Active	ON
19200 baud	ON	ON								
38400 baud	OFF	ON	ODD (numbered)	OFF	Inactive (no parity) (2 stop bits)	OFF	Inactive (default)	OFF	Inactive	OFF
Reserved	OFF	OFF								

Configuration

BUS ADDRESS

The device address in the range of **1 to 247** is set at DIP switch [A].
For switch positions 1 to 8 see the table on the back!

Address 0 is reserved for broadcast messages. Addresses greater than 247 must not be assigned and are ignored by the device.
The DIP switches are binary-coded with the following values:

DIP 1 = **128** DIP 1 = **ON**
 DIP 2 = **64** DIP 2 = **ON**
 DIP 3 = **32** DIP 3 = **OFF**
 DIP 4 = **16** DIP 4 = **OFF**
 DIP 5 = **8** DIP 5 = **OFF**
 DIP 6 = **4** DIP 6 = **OFF**
 DIP 7 = **2** DIP 7 = **OFF**
 DIP 8 = **1** DIP 8 = **ON**

The switch positions shown here result in the Modbus address **128 + 64 + 1 = 193**

BUS PARAMETERS

The baud rate (speed of transmission) is set at DIP switches 1 and 2 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **9600 baud**, **19200 baud**, or **38400 baud** – see table!

Parity is set at DIP switch 3 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **EVEN** or **ODD** – see table!

Parity check is activated via DIP switch 4 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **active (1 stop bit)**, or **inactive (2 stop bits)**, i.e. no parity check – see table!

The **8N1 mode** is activated via DIP switch 5 of DIP switch block [B].
The functionality of DIP switch 3 (parity) and DIP switch 4 (parity check) of DIP switch block [B] is therefore deactivated.
Selectable are **8N1 active** or **inactive (default)** – see table!.

Bus termination is activated via DIP switch 6 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **active** (bus termination resistance of 120 Ohm), or **inactive** (no bus termination) – see table!

When bus parameters and bus address are changed at devices with **display**,
the respective settings are shown on the display for approx. 30 seconds.

COMMUNICATION INDICATOR

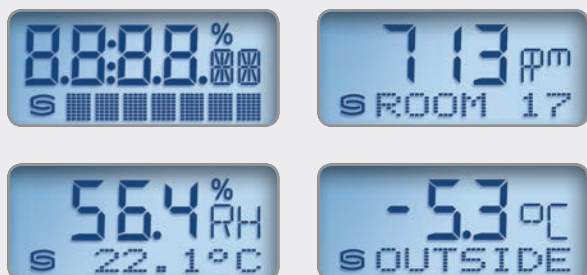
Communication is indicated via two LEDs.
Error-free received telegrams are signalized by the green LED lighting up, regardless of the device address.
Faulty telegrams or triggered Modbus exception telegrams are depicted by the red LED lighting up.

DIAGNOSTICS

An error diagnostic function is integrated.

Display (Baldur)

Symbols and display examples



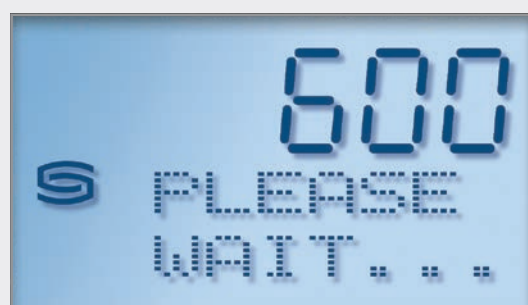
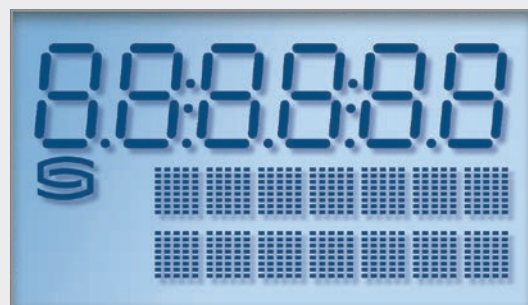
Alternative parameters

Display programmable via index



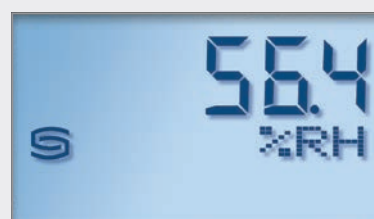
Display (Tyr 2)

Symbols and display examples



Display (Tyr 3)

Symbols and display examples



Individually programmable display area for two or three-line displays

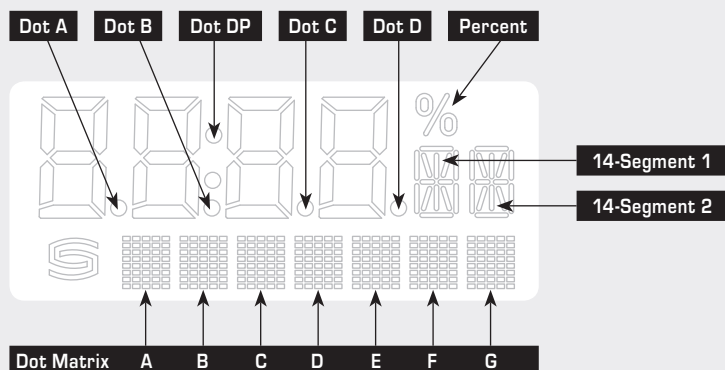
Our displays can be controlled via the Modbus interface.
This means that messages such as those from the PLC can also be displayed.

All characters in the display can be individually described both
in the 7-segment area, and in the dot matrix area.

Depending on the device type, it is also possible to display
alternative parameters such as absolute humidity, dew point, mixture ratio
or enthalpy instead of the standard display.

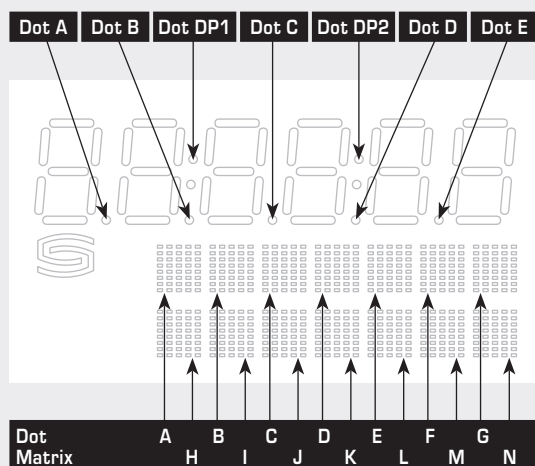
Display (Baldur)

two-line, cut-out approx. 36 x 15 mm



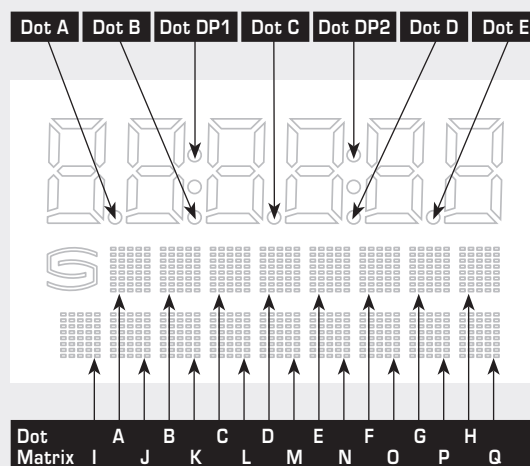
Display (Tyr 2)

three-line, cut-out approx. 70 x 40 mm



Display (Tyr 3)

three-line, cut-out approx. 51 x 29 mm



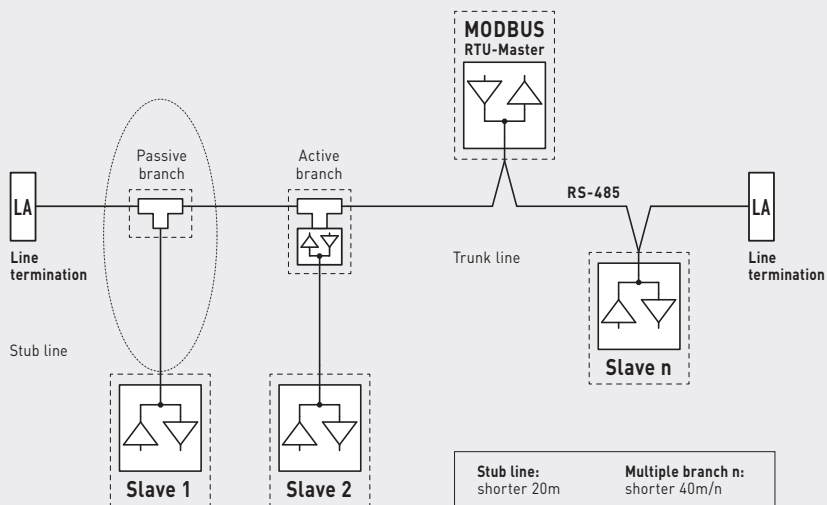
Representable characters in the dot matrix display area for two- and three-line displays

ASCII characters or control characters are displayed as spaces.

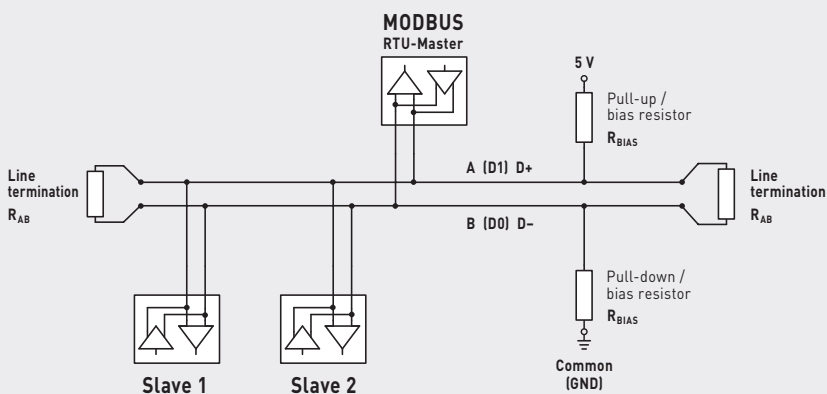
ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign
32	Blank	48	0	63	?	78	N	94	^	109	m
33	!	49	1	64	@	79	O	95	_	110	n
34	"	50	2	65	A	80	P	96	\	111	o
35	#	51	3	66	B	81	Q	97	a	112	p
36	\$	52	4	67	C	82	R	98	b	113	q
37	%	53	5	68	D	83	S	99	c	114	r
38	&	54	6	69	E	84	T	100	d	115	s
40	[	55	7	70	F	85	U	101	e	116	t
41	]	56	8	71	G	86	V	102	f	117	u
42	*	57	9	72	H	87	W	103	g	118	v
43	+	58	:	73	I	88	X	104	h	119	w
44	,	59	;	74	J	89	Y	105	i	120	x
45	-	60	<	75	K	90	Z	106	j	121	y
46	.	61	=	76	L	91	[	107	k	122	z
47	/	62	>	77	M	93	]	108	l	123	{

General layout of bus structure and bus topology with terminating and bias resistors

General layout of bus structure



Bus topology with terminating and bias resistors



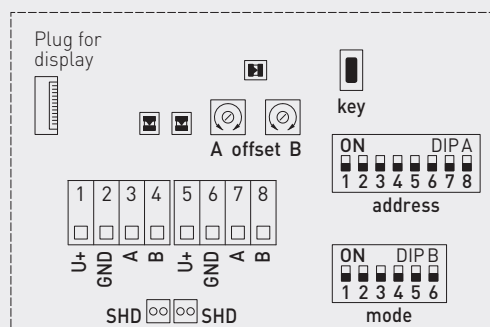
Terminating resistor may only be installed at the ends of the bus line.
In networks with repeaters not more than two line terminations are allowed.
Line termination at the device can be activated via DIP switch 6.
The bias resistors for bus level definition in the resting state are usually activated at the Modbus master / repeater.

The maximum number of subscribers per Modbus segment is 32 devices.
When the number of subscribers is greater, the bus must be subdivided into several segments separated by repeaters. The subscriber address can be set from 1 to 247.

For the bus line, a twisted-pair cable data line / power supply line and copper mesh wire shield must be used. Therefore, the line capacitance should be less than 100 pF/m (e.g. Profibus cable).

Sensors
(Tyr3)

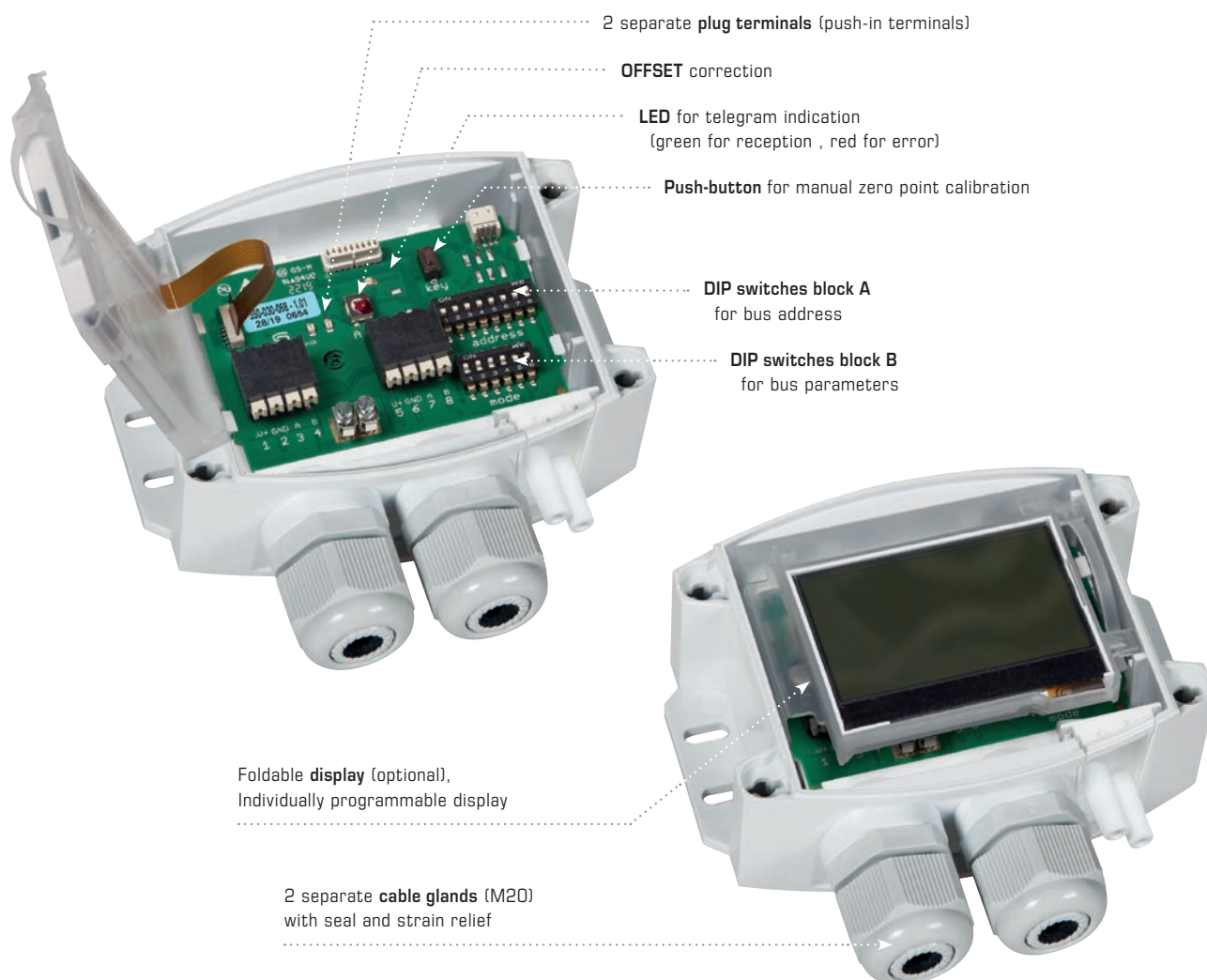
Modbus
(RTU cable)



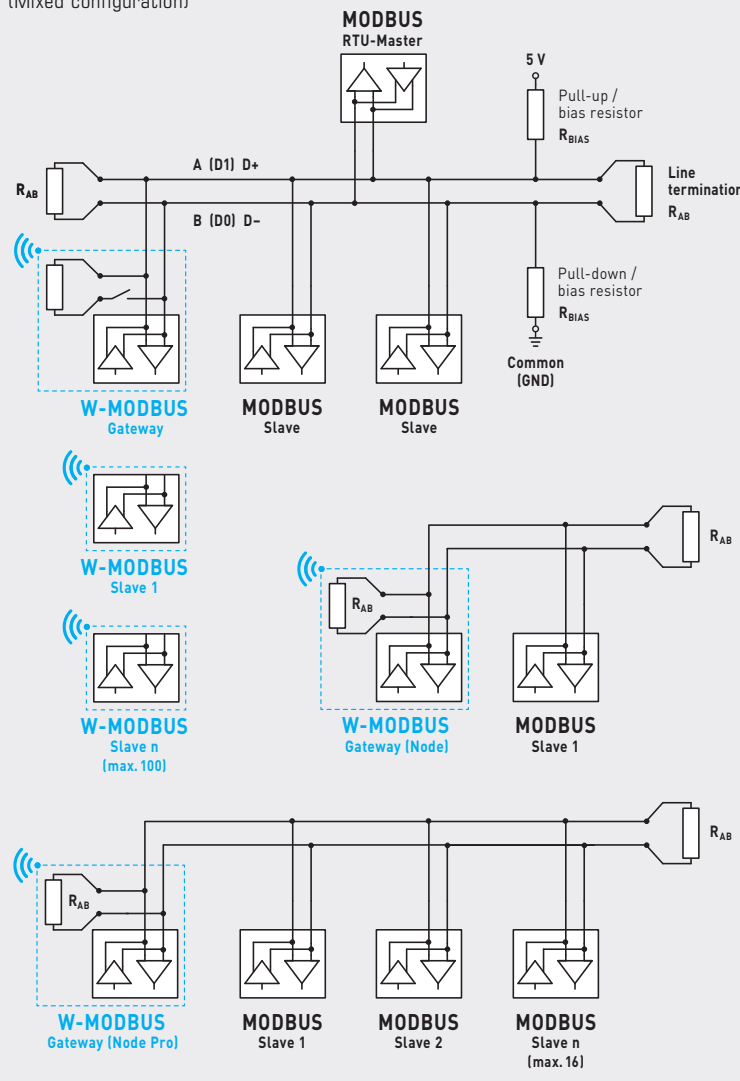
- DIP A: Bus address
DIP B: Bus parameters (Baud rate, parity...)
Telegram indicator Reception (LED green)
Error (LED red)
LED (internal status)
Offset correction
Button „key“ (auto zero)
Shielding

TECHNICAL DATA

Power supply:	24 V AC ($\pm 20\%$); 15...36 V DC
Power consumption:	< 1 W / 24 V DC; < 1.6 VA / 24 V AC
Electrical connection:	see schematic diagram 0.2 - 1.5 mm ² , via push-in terminals
Bus parameters:	without power supply (in powerless mode) configurable and addressable via DIP switch!
Bus interface:	RS485, galvanically isolated , Bus termination activatable via DIP switches. Up to 32 devices possible in one segment. In case of a greater number of devices, RS485 transceivers must be used.
Bus protocol:	Modbus (RTU mode), address range 0... 247 selectable
Baud rate:	9600, 19200, 38400 Baud
Status indicator:	LED green = Telegram valid LED red = Telegram error
Display:	The Modbus interface allows the display to be individually configured both in the 7-segment area and in the dot-matrix area.

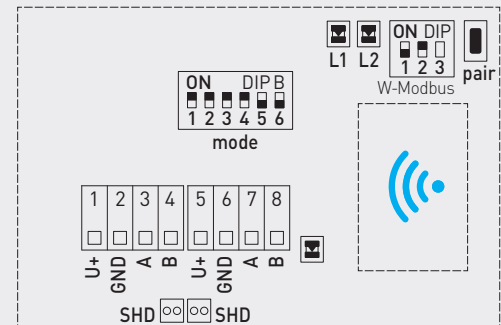


Bus topology with terminating and bias resistors (Mixed configuration)



Gateway (Tyr3)

GW-wModbus (Wireless)



DIP B „mode“:
Bus parameters
(Baud rate, parity...)

DIP „W-Modbus“:
Operating Mode
(Gateway, Node)

Telegram
Status (LED)

Network Status (L1)
Connection quality (L2)

Shielding
(SHD)

Teach-in key
(pair)

Various functions of the W-Modbus gateway:

Gateway operation for connection to an existing Modbus topology or directly to a DDC, serves as a base station for W-Modbus sensors (max. 100 radio nodes).

Node operation enables the radio-based connection of a wired Modbus sensor to a W-Modbus network (max. 1 wired sensor).

Node Pro operation (extended node operation) serves for the radio-based connection of multiple wired Modbus sensors (max. 16 wired nodes).

The **W-Modbus protocol** is based on the (2.4 GHz ISM radio band) and employs a patented frequency hopping technology to maximise reliability and resistance to interference. This means that reliable radio transmission can also be ensured in industrial environments.

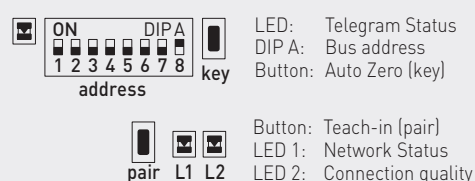
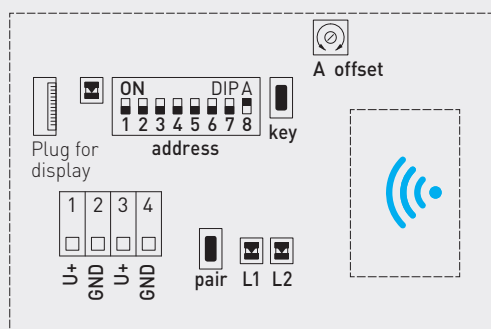
In the **W-Modbus network** up to 100 nodes can communicate with each other over a long distance of up to 500 metres (open field) using one gateway. A standardised W-Modbus module ensures compatibility with all W-Modbus units.

The **W-Modbus sensors** only need to be supplied with power. Only the slave address is configured manually, the transmission parameters (baud rate and parity) are set automatically. No terminating resistor is required. The sensor is then paired with a gateway.

The **W-Modbus gateway** serves as a transition between wired Modbus and radio-based W-Modbus. Even mixed configurations of wired and radio-based Modbus units can be easily integrated into existing network topologies via the W-Modbus gateway.



Sensors
(Tyr3)

W-Modbus
(Wireless)


TECHNICAL DATA

Power supply:	24 VAC ($\pm 20\%$); 15...36 VDC
Power consumption:	< 2 W / 24 VDC; < 3.5 VA / 24 VAC
Electrical connection:	see schematic diagram 0.2 - 1.5 mm ² , via push-in terminal
Bus address:	without power supply (in powerless mode) configurable and addressable via DIP switch!
Bus parameters:	automatic configuration
Communication:	W-Modbus (wireless Modbus with 2.4 GHz ISM, AES-128 encrypted)
Range:	max. 500 m (open field), approx. 50 - 70 m (inside buildings) between two wireless nodes
Nodes:	max. 100 radio nodes
Bus protocol:	Modbus (RTU mode), address range 0... 247 selectable
Status indicator:	Telegram Status, Network Status, Connection Quality
Display:	The Modbus interface allows the display to be individually configured both in the 7-segment area and in the dot-matrix area.

